THE DAILY REGISTER.

VOL. LII. RALEIGH, TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 26, 1850. NO. 7.

THE DAILY REGISTER.

SEATON GALES,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY REGISTER,
Is issued on Wednesdays and Saturdays at $4 per annum in advance; $4.50 if not paid within six months; and $5 if not paid until the expiration of the year.

THE WEEKLY REGISTER,
Is issued every Wednesday at $2,50 if paid within four months; otherwise $3.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

RALEIGH POST OFFICE.

MAIL ARRANGEMENTS.

Northern Mail—By Rail Road, Due daily at 1-2 p. m., and closes at 11½ a. m.

Southern—Two-horse stage, due daily at 11 a. m., closes at 12 m.

Greensborough—Four-horse stage, due Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 6 a. m., and closes Sunday, Wednesday and Friday at 12 m.

Newbern—Four-horse stage, due Wednesday, Friday and Sunday at 3 a. m., and closes Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday at 9 p. m.

Tarborough—Two-horse stage, due Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 10 p. m., closes Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 9 p. m.

Pittsborough—Two-horse stage, due Monday and Thursday at 7 p. m., and closes Saturday and Tuesday at 9 p. m.

Roxborough—One-horse mail, Due Friday at 9 a. m., and closes Friday at 1 p. m.

Holly Springs—Horse Mail, due Monday at 4 p. m., and closes Thursday at 9 p. m.

Letters should be in the Office fifteen minutes before the time of closing.

The Office will be open every day, except Sunday, from 8 o'clock a. m. until 9 p. m.

On Sunday, it will be open from 8½ to 9½ a. m., and one hour directly after the departure of the Western Mail.

TELEGRAPH OFFICE,
UP STAIRS,
SMITH'S BUILDINGS,
FAYETTEVILLE STREET.
Open from 7 A. M. to 10 P. M.
NO ADMITTANCE WITHIN THE BAR!!

	Rates	First 10 words,	Ech addi'l w'd.
Raleigh to Petersburg,	30 cts.		2
" " Richmond	32 "		2
" " Washington	44 "		2
" " Baltimore	54 "		3
" " Philadelphia	74 "		5
" " New York	84 "		6
" " Fayetteville	21 "		1
" " Cheraw	28 "		1
" " Charleston	50 "		3
" " Macon	97 "		5
" " Montgomery	116 "		6
" " Mobile	138 "		7
" " New Orleans	172 "		9

And all the places on this and other lines of communication in proportion to distance.

OFFICE
OF THE NORTH CAROLINA
Mutual Insurance Company,
RALEIGH
Second Floor, Smith's Block, adjoining Telegraph Office.

OFFICE
OF THE NORTH CAROLINA
Mutual Life Insurance Company,
RALEIGH
Opposite the Post Office—under Odd Fellows Hall.

BANK OF CAPE FEAR.
DISCOUNT DAY, TUESDAY.
Board Meets at 11 O'clock.
BANKING HOURS FROM 10 TO 2.
W. H. JONES, Cashier.
F. C. HILL, Teller.
Exchange, Baltimore, Philadelphia and N. York, 1 per ct. premium.
Virginia and South Carolina money Bankable, of the denomination of $5 and upwards.

BANK OF THE STATE.
OFFICERS OF THE BANK.
Geo. W. Mordecai, Pres't.
Charles Dewey, Casher,
Seymour W. Whiting, Teller
Daniel DuPre, Bookkeeper,
Thos. W. Dewey, Clerk.
Hours of business from 10 a. m. to 2 p. m.
DISCOUNT DAY, WEDNESDAY.
Board of Directors meet at 10 a. m.
BANK RATES FOR SELLING EXCHANGE.
Sight Checks on New York 1 per cent. Premium.
" " " Philadelp'ia 1 " " "
" " " Baltimore 1 " " "
Notes of the South Carolina and Virginia Banks received.

MORE LAND FOR SALE,

500 Acres of Valuable Land, lying two miles South of Raleigh, on the Fayetteville road, will be sold on a long credit—notes well secured being all that is desired. Persons wishing to examine the land and premises can do so by calling on M. A. Bledsoe, who is authorized to sell it.
S. J. BAKER.
October 11, 1850. 82

Dress and Frock Coats.

100, JUST OPENED, of all qualities well cut and extremely well made.
E. L. HARDING & CO.
Raleigh, October 12th, 1850. 82

LADIES White Kid Slippers,
do do Satin do
do Black Kid do
do do do Walking Shoes.
Just received by R. TUCKER & SON.
Oct. 21, 1850. 85

J. HENRY HARRISS,
UPHOLISTERER AND MATTRESS MAKER.
WOULD respectfully inform the Public, that he constantly keeps on hand a supply of the best Bed Mattresses of all kinds—including the much approved SHUCK AND COTTON MATTRESS, which will be found a perfect luxury, either in Summer or Winter, Also,
SOFAS, LOUNGES, EASY CHAIRS,
&c.,
manufactured in every style to order.
Repairing of all kinds done at the shortest notice and all work warranted to be done in the best and most wrokmanlike manner.
My shop is on Wilmington street, opposite the TIMES Office.
N. B. The public will please bear in mind that I attend personally to the manufacture of my Mattresses, Sofas, Lounges &c
Raleigh, Nov. 5, 1850. 89 tf

DIARY AND DAILY
Pocket Remembrance, for 1850.
FOR the use of Private Families and Persons of business; containing an Almanac and Banking Table, Counting House Almanac, and a Blank space for memorandums, for every day in the year.
For Sale at the
N. C. BOOKSTORE.
Raleigh Nov. 12th, 1850.

J. D. WILLIAMS,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION
MERCHANT,
FAYETTEVILLE,
NORTH CAROLINA.
July 19th, 1850. 6m-60

J. KANE'S
RESTAURANT.
IS open for the season; and everything furnished in such establishments will be served up in the best style, and at the shortest notice.
FRESH SUPERIOR OYSTERS
RECEIVED DAILY.
My Restaurant is on the Corner of Fayetteville and Martin Streets, in the vicinity of the Court House, Yarbro's and Lawrence's Hotels.
P. S. There is a BILLIARD ROOM attached to the Establishment.
Raleigh, Nov. 19th, 1850. 94 ltf

THE PEPPER BOX.
CORNER OF WILMINGTON AND HARGETT STREETS.
THIS splendid Establishment, just completed, and elegantly fitted up, is now open for the inspection and patronage of the Public.
W. R. PEPPER, the Agent and Manager, is well known in this community, and throughout the State, as a Caterer for the tastes of all those fond of
GAME, OYSTERS, FISH,
And other Delicacies of the Season,
BAKED, SCALLOPED, FRIED, STEWED,
And done up *Brown*, with all the *et ceteras:*
The House is so arranged as to furnish Saloons completely retired for private parties of gentlemen desirous of feasting themselves and friends.
PEPPER attends to the *Cuisine* in person. Trays handsomely piled up, sent to every part of the City at short notice: and Parties will be supplied at any hour of the day or night, by sending their orders to the House.
Members of the Legislature, when fatigued with their arduous official duties, may refresh themselves at PEPPER'S; and other Visiters, as well as his old friends and customers of the City, are invited to do the same. No pains or expense shall be spared to make this THE HOUSE where every wish of the Epicure shall be gratified.
W. R. PEPPER,
Agent for L. F. SMITH.
Raleigh, Nov. 18th, 1850. 93

NEW AND SPLENDID STOCK OF
JEWELRY AND
FANCY ARTICLES, GOLD AND SILVER PLATE,
WATCHES, GUNS
PISTOLS, &c., &c., &c.
C. B. ROOT.
HAS just returned from the North, with one of the most brilliant and chaste assortments of Jewelry, Fancy articles of new and beautiful varieties, Gold and Silver Watches, &c., &., ever before offered in this market.
He invites the attention of citizens and strangers. He will be constantly receiving and opening packages for a few weeks to come, and will take pleasure in exhibiting them to all who may give him a call
October 4th, 1850. 80

BUSINESS COATS.
125 CHEAP TWEED COATS, at a very low price.
E. L. HARDING & CO.
Raleigh, October 12th, 1850. 82

SELF-PROTECTORS,
TO TRAVELLERS AND HOUSEKEEPERS

The greatest modern Improvement in Fire-Arms.
ELF-COCKING & SELF-REVOLVING POCKET PISTOLS.
DAILY EXPECTED, a large importation of fine Guns, Pistols, Powder Flasks, Shot-Bags, Bird bags, &c., &c., all which will be sold low.
C. B. ROOT.

STEAM SAW MILL.
I BEG leave to call the attention of builders and persons wishing to purchase Lumber to my Steam Saw Mill near Raleigh, where they can be supplied with any kind, at the shortest notice. Also sawed Laths of the best quality at $1 00 per M.
T. H. SNOW.
Raleigh, July 11th, 1850. 56 1y

NEW BOOK STORE!
THE Subscriber has just opened a BOOK STORE in
RALEIGH,
Two doors above Mr. Richard Smith's store, where he offers to the public
SCHOOL BOOKS
Of almost every description, together with a large collection of
RELIGIOUS WORKS,
From the pens of eminent authors of the different Denominations; also,
STATIONERY
Of excellent quality; all of which he proposes to sel *n very reasonable terms.*
Any Book not on hand at present, can be ordered and received by the Subscriber, in a few days, and he will be prompt to fulfil all orders from town or country.
JOHN W. O'NEAL.
Raleigh, Sept. 12th, 1850. 74 tf

S. F. PHILLIPS,
ATTENDS THE COURTS in the Counties of Orange, Alamance, Wake and Chatham.
apel ChHill, N. C., May 24, 1849. 24

TEA! TEA! TEA!
IMPERIAL, Young Hyson and Gunpowder, for sale at the Drug Store of
WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.
Nov. 21st, 1850. 94

CLOTHING BAZAAR.
FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF
Fashionable Clothing,
AT
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
THE subscriber enters the field of competition with a large and well selected assortment of ll the new styles of Fashionable Garments for the Fall and Winter Trade. Determined to maintain the increasing reputation of the 'Clothing Bazaar,' every effort has been made to produce styles of Clothing well adapted to this market; from the very lowest price to the finest quality of Clothing. Customers can depend upon finding our garments well made, however low the price.
Merchants are invited to examine our stock, as we are determined not to be undersold by any house in the trade.
The fancy Department is full, embracing English French and Italian Cravats, Gloves, Suspenders, Shirts, Collars, &c, which will be sold at the lowest prices, by
N. PERRY.
Petersburg, Sept 8th. 1850, tf 73

TO INVALIDS.
AT Pescud's Drug Store you may find Old London Dock Brandy, Porter, Old Madeira, Sherry and Port Wines, selected expressly for Medicinal purposes. Also, Capsules of Copaiba and Cubebs, Castor Oil Capsules, Tarrants, Marshalls and Carpenters Ex'ts of Copaiba Cubebs, &c., and all the most popular Patent Medicines in use.
Nov. 21st. 94

MUSTARD.
ENGLISH, French and American, of superior quality. WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.
ov. 21st, 93

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.
THE Members of the Legislature and others who want superior **Cigars Smoking and Chewing Tobacco,** are requested to try the supply just received by
P. F. PESCUD.
Nov. 21st. 94

BY ADAM'S EXPRESS.
ANOTHER supply of articles for the Ladies or Gentlemen's Toilet, consisting of Foreign and Domestic Perfumery, Soaps, Brushes and Cosmetics, just on hand and for sale by
P. F. PESCUD.
Nov. 21st. 94

SPEECH OF
HENRY W. MILLER, ESQ.,
AT OXFORD, NOV. 5TH, 1850,
In reply to Hon. A. W. Venable.

[CONTINUED.]

I come now, Fellow Citizens, to that measure which more than any other, was *demanded* by the interests and situation of the South. I refer to the Fugitive Slave law. It was our *right*,—a right secured to us by the Constitution,—a right which had it not been secured, that constitution never would have been adopted,—this Union never would have been found! Thirty millions of dollars value of slave property had escaped to the North. The act of 1793 had become a dead letter upon the Statute book. It was necessary that vitality should be given to the provision of the Constitution securing our slave property. The law was passed to acccomplish that end. It is a stringent law, but it is a just law, it is a constitutional law. We have a right to require that it be strictly observed, to demand of the Government, that it be enforced, enforced every where, under all circumstances, and against whatever of fanaticism and insubordination may be brought to oppose it. My firm conviction is, that if it be repealed, nullified, rendered futile, worthless, by the unwillingness or inefficiency of the Government to enforce it, against the reckless spirit and lawless purposes of fanaticism, THIS UNION CANNOT STAND!—He, who, as President, approves a bill repealing that law, will in effect, repeal the constitution and by that act will, in my humble opinion, sign the death warrant of the Union. What! To have the whole body of the free States re-opened as a vast reservoir—harbor for fugitive slaves! A legislative inducement, premium, held out, by such repeal, to deprive us of our property, weaken our political power in the confederacy, and increase the number of spies from our domestic hearths, who can add to the facilities for sending back upon us the firebrands of fanaticism! If the people of the North, forgetting all the ties of blood, all the sympathies for their *own* race and kindred, can thus jeopardize our peace, and violate our rights, social and political, under a heedless and infuriated sympathy for the *African* race, upon *their* heads will rest the curse of rendering asunder this Union! If they love that race better than their own race, than their own kindred and blood, bound to them by the sacred ties of marriage and of birth, by all the endearments of sacred relations, then indeed, are they no longer worthy our confidence, respect or affection; they will have become in heart enemies and aliens, and will be no longer friends and countrymen!

I hope for better things. I believe the law will be enforced. I have no fears that under this administration it will be repealed. The triumph of the gallant DOUGLASS at Chicago—the bold and fearless tone of DICKINSON, WEBSTER, GRIER and other patriots at the North—the vast assemblage of the friends of law and the Union at New York—the uncompromising spirit there exhibited by Whigs and Democrats—the calls for other meetings to rebuke the lawless spirit which prevails, the firm and decided character of our National Administration—all give assurance, though here and there insurbordination may gain a temporary ascendency, that the law will be enforced, and the friends of the Constitution will triumph! At least let us give them time to rise up under the weight of fanaticism which is pressing upon them and God grant that they may pass unscathed through the fiery ordeal!

The gentleman has expressed the opinion that the law will *not* be enforced—that it will be repealed, and he couples with it, the emphatic and unqualified charge *"that the present administration is an abolition administration."* I meet the charge at the threshold, and pronounce it, to use no harsher term, an unjust imputation upon as highminded and patriotic men as ever held office under this Government! Pray, who are these *abolitionists?* There is WILLIAM A. GRAHAM, known to you all, often honored by your State, respected by you all, reared in your midst, with like prejudices and sympathies with yourselves, a firm man, an incorruptible patriot—a charge or insinuation, that he is tinctured with abolitionism, that a single throb of his heart beats in unison with that fanatical faction, deserves the scorn of every man who honors the character of the State, be he *Whig* or be he *Democrat!* (Here Mr. V. disavowed any personal reflection upon Gov. G.) Ah! the gentleman made no exception. His charge was a sweeping one. But how stands it, pray, as to the other members of the Cabinet? CONRAD, of Louisiana, and STUART of Virginia, slave owners, respected and honored by their people—can any sane man believe the charge true as to *them?* Aye, and JOHN J. CRITTENDEN—the able jurist—the accomplished debater—with as generous a heart as ever beat and as resolute a spirit as ever moved—a man, who would have done honor

See Second Page.

to the Roman Senate in its palmiest days—in Kentucky—amongst those who know him, the charge that he would suffer a hair of his head to be enlisted in the cause of such enemies of his Country's peace, would be met with indignation! DANIEL WEBSTER—the great mental colossus of the age, who presents at this time, for the admiration of the world, a spectacle which for moral sublimity, was never surpassed; who has breasted, like a mighty rock, the fury of the storm of fanaticism, as it raged around him, who has rebuked with a boldness unsurpassed its fell spirit, who in his late letter to the friends of the Union, in New York, cast defiance in the very teeth of the unprincipled disorganizers, a man who in all he has said, and all he has done, in this contest, has towered far above party, superior to all sectional prejudices, and proclaimed and defended THE RIGHT with a daring seldom equaled and with ability never surpassed, *he an abolitionist! he a sympathizer and adherent of Seward, Van Buren and Giddings!* Have we lost ALL gratitude? Has justice departed from our midst?—Of the opinions of the Post Master General, I know nothing, but I believe him a gentleman and a patriot, and though I am candid to confess, that many of the sentiments contained in the speeches of MR. CORWIN, meet no approval from me, yet it is understood that he is as determined as any man upon the execution of this law. The President of the United States needs no defence from me. His sentiments avowed during the campaign of 1848, his present firm purpose to carry out the laws, the embittered assaults made upon him by the abolition leaders and presses, assure all that in this trying crisis, he will stand by the Country—stand by the Constitution *as it is*, and execute the laws in good faith and with unquailing heart! Why then, this attack upon the Administration? Is there a lurking desire amidst this fearful conflict, to break down the moral influence and power of the Government, for partizan ends and sectional purposes? I believe the Administration will plant itself upon high ground—upon a national platform—and look to no one section—pander to no unworthy prejudices, but appeal to the sober reason and conservative spirit of the whole American People. If it will do this, the nation will sustain it. But if it falter *under* or tampers *with* faction, any where or for any purpose, it will be deserted, broken down, contemned, as it will deserve to be!

I appeal then, Fellow Citizens, to your good sense and patriotic judgment, and ask in what position do we now stand? You well know that for years past the South has been stuggling against the *Wilmot Proviso*, which was sought to be imposed upon the Territories acquired from Mexico. We considered this odious measure, as an unjust and dishonorable encroachment upon the rights of the whole South. This was the main cause of disaffection, alienation and alarm, in the minds of our people. Has this obnoxious measure been incorporated into any of the Acts of Compromise, which we have been considering? No, no! not one. It was defeated in every shape it was presented, during the progress of those Acts through Congress. It is true that when the Constitution of California was first reported to Congress, the charge was preferred that the National Executive had dictated the slavery restriction to the People of that Country, but the recent letter of that gallant officer, GEN. RILEY, has put to rest this groundless and unjust slander upon the character of that firm old patriot who then presided over this government. Throughout the struggle on the Territorial bills, the doctrine of *non-intervention* was triumphant. To those of you from whom I differ upon questions of party politics, I would respectfully address one consideration. In the Presidential Campaign of 1848, you voted for GEN. CASS. You claimed that he avowed, in his Nicholson letter, the doctrine of *non-intervention*. He voted for those measures of Compromise. He gave his great abilities and influence to their support. Does any one believe that as PRESIDENT, his course would have been different from what it has been as SENATOR? If not, would any of you, who are opposed to this Compromise, have abandoned and denounced his administration? For his recent exertion in the Senate of the United States, to settle fairly and honorably, these great questions which had so long divided our People, he is entitled to the gratitude not only of the South, but of the whole Union! To the attack which the gentleman has thought proper to make on HENRY CLAY for the part he bore, in this struggle, I have but a word of reply. As bitter and unjust as it was, he will survive it. *Such* shafts cannot reach him. Arrows have been shot from bows stronger than his, but they fell harmless at his feet. His fame and character belong to the age in which he lives, and his name will adorn the pages of history, as a true patriot and a great Statesman, when those who assail and traduce him shall have gone down into oblivion and have been forgotten forever!

The question comes back upon us—*shall we stand by the Compromise?* Distinguished men of both great political parties, united to perfect and pass it. Webster, Dickinson, Cass, Mangum, Clay, Houston, Foote and others, worthy the confidence of the nation, contended side by side, and devoted their abilities to the restoration of harmony to their country. It is a question above party, higher, vastly higher than any party success; upon the issue of it may depend everything that is worth preserving under our Constitution and Government. It is a platform upon which all can stand. Let us say then, to the North—"This is is our position.' We will stand by the Compromise. If you execute the fugitive slave law in good faith and cease to assail our rights and disturb our domestic tranquility, we are with you, but if you repeal, nullify, destroy, or alter against the constitution, that law—if you renew your unjust, and mad attacks upon our domestic institutions, upon your heads must rest the consequences, for, before God, we *should* not, every impulse of justice, honor and self-preservation demands, that we *should* not, and we *will* not submit to it!"

Then SHALL WE STAND BY THE COMPROMISE? That is the question—that the issue, not for the South alone, but for the North,—for the West,—for the whole Country. Upon it, I honestly believe, depends the preservation of this Union. What do we behold? Whilst the fanatics of the North are proclaiming their determination to set at defiance one branch of those laws, we find at the South, those who would move heaven and earth, to excite resistance to other parts, who advocate secession, who proclaim that disunion is far preferable to submission to them. Have such men, North or South, calculated the terrible consequences of such rashness? Have they reflected well upon the effects—the humiliating—the melancholy, aye the awful effects which must neecessarily be produced by a dissolution of this Union? It would be ruinous not to *one* State alone, not to any particular section, but to each and every State and to *all* sections. Does any man believe that but *one* Confederacy would be formed of the slave States? Who supposes that the North-West would ever surrender the mouth of the Mississippi? The free navigation of that father of waters is as necessary to the prosperity of the vast population who live upon its tributaries, as the trunk of the tree is to the life of its branches, or the body of the man to the healthiness of his limbs. If we cannot now, whilst living under the same parental government, *reconcile our differences, and secure our mutual rights and peace;* what will be the condition of things when the bonds that unite us together shall be broken asunder? Will heart-burnings—jealousies and bickerings, be done away? Will they not rather increase more and more in bitterness, until broils, border violence, rapine and war,—a war of extermination, a war of horrors never yet known to the bloodiest pages of history, must follow? Would the South be able to protect her property without a cordon of military posts along the whole line which would divide us? With the caldrons of fanaticism on the subject of slavery, boiling on all sides of us, emitting their poisonous exhalations through our ports, across our line of frontier, by every means which the ingenuity of the disaffected and lawless might invent, could we look for safety and protection, without *military encampments, standing armies, a sleepless police and grinding taxes!*

That there are men, North and South, who *desire, crave* disunion, even without just cause,—*disunion for its own sake,*—for their own personal advancement and benifit, there is alas! ample proof. Nor does the evil end here. A 'local habitation and a name,' are given to *some* of their designs. A Southern Confederacy has become the darling project which has filled the ambition, excited the imagination and inspired the hopes of some, whilst others would fain persuade us that we should not stop here, as in their opinion, our wealth and importance would be immeasurably increased, by a more intimate connection with the great Commercial mistress of the seas! A Southern Confederacy of two or even a dozen States, under a Commercial league offensive and defensive with England!—Degrading, self-abasing expedient! The lamb in the paws of the lion! Aye, more than *all* this,—the fair goddess of liberty, with her golden tresses dishevelled and garments tattered and torn, lying down in the lecherous embrace of the cloven-footed and hairy armed Satyr of despotism! A league with England! Any one of the glorious old thirteen under colonial vassalage once more to the colossal power of her ancient enemy and oppressor!—putting on again the shackles which the stout arms of her fathers shattered over the head of that oppressor!—Aye, the Eagle, 'towering in his pride of place,' hawked at, and his rich plumage torn from himto decorate the shaggy mane of the British lion! Some of those bright stars, which have so long shone as beacons to the oppressed of all nations, wrenched from their bright galaxy of freedom, to set the diadem of MONARCHY! That glorious flag, which has waved triumphantly over so many battle fields of the Republic, despoiled, to adorn the tapestry, and add to the trophies of ROYALTY! The spirit of the immortal Washington, were it permitted, would rise up in all its sublimity, to put the seal of reprobation upon such an unhallowed alliance! The patriot forms of Marion, of Sumpter, of Davie, of Caswell and a host of others, who poured out their very hearts blood, for their country's freedom, would step forth, to forbid the unholy banns, and every drop of blood would fix a 'damning spot' upon such an alliance, which, to its craven and reckless projectors, like that upon the hand of the guilty Macbeth, will *never*, no *never* 'out'! He who would attempt to consummate such a scheme, is a traitor to the great cause of human freedom!

CALCULATE THE VALUE OF THIS UNION! Who can do it? What mind can fully comprehend the inquiry—what intellect can grasp the theme? Who can estimate the good which it has already accomplished—who can foresee—who foretell the evils that will follow its dissolution? Stretching from the shores of the Atlantic to the Pacific ocean—throwing its mighty arms from he frozen regions of the north to the sunny climes of the south—with a soil as rich and varied as the sun in his course ever shines upon—with a population of thirty millions of souls—prosperous, happy, enterprizing—sending up their songs of praise to the Almighty Disposer of events, for the great blessings they enjoy—with a commerce whitening every sea—and carrying the fruits of civilization into every land—with a government, which for safeguards to human freedom, surpasses all that ever entered into the imagination a of Plato or Harrington—*thus standing out before the world*—A GREAT, FREE, UNITED NATION—a bright and shining light to the down-trodden—a terror to tyrants and oppressors—if this light be extinguished—if this planet shoot madly from its sphere, and dart into the black abyss of anarchy and civil bloodshed, where—where again will man look for hope—what other star of freedom will pierce the darkness?

CALCULATE THE VALUE OF THIS UNION—THE WORTH OF OUR GLORIOUS CONSTITUTION! Sixty odd years have elapsed since North Carolina came into this Union, since she put her seal to that Constitution. Two years she reflected before the step was taken. She reflected long and well. She came in. She signed the great indenture. She affixed to it the signet of her sovereignty. *It was her own voluntary act!* Up to this hour she has performed faithfully and with true and patriotic heart, all its obligations. She expects still to perform them. SHE will never deny her signature or repudiate her seal. She desires to be true to the plighted faith to her sisters. She demands of them to be true to *their* duty—to *their* pledges—to *their* obligations. If they are thus true, she will stand with them upon the battlements of this Union, and though they rock and totter beneath the attacks of enemies, *she will never leap cowardly from them,* but clinging the firmer to her high position, hand in hand with those sisters, she will bid defiance to the assaults of fanaticism from within, and tyranny from without!

If dangers threaten—if perils come—may she cling to that Constitution—the bark which carried our fathers through the perilous waves of anarchy—and however portentous the coming storm, may she lash herself to it, and if destined, at last, to go down, I pray God, that she may go down with a bold and true heart—*untainted with treachery, and with garments unsullied by treason!*

DAILY REGISTER.

DAILY ISSUE.

Tuesday Morning, Nov. 26th.

TO-DAY'S WEEKLY.

Our Weekly, of this morning, contains an unusally large amount of interesting matter. The Governor's Message and Mr. Miller's eloquent Speech, both in full, and the Legislative proceedings of the past week, all appear.

A few inaccuracies that occured in the Speech of Mr. Miller, as it appeared in our Daily, are corrected in the Weekly and Semi-Weekly Register.

☞ The spicy little passage at arms, that occurred on Saturday morning, growing out of Fleming's resolution, to instruct the Committee on Amendments to the Constitution, shadowed forth a very fair prospective of shivered lances in our Legislative tilt-yard. While we heartily deprecate all useless and angry discussion—especially in matters touching the Constitution—still, if any conflict of parties must come, we feel satisfied that there will be no quailing, and no reason for it, on the part of the Whigs. If our good steeds cannot always *run* as well, they are the d—l on a charge!

☞ The member from Wake, who recently *came back* from "poor unhappy Spain," seems determined to be the leader of the Democratic hosts in the House of Commons, but whether he will lead them on to accomplish the great purposes which swelled his PATRIOTIC BOSOM, when he declared that the best interest and welfare of North Carolina required the adoption of such a system of Internal Improvement as would "*level every hill and fill up every valley from the seaboard to the mountains,*" or whether his course will better subserve the purposes and views of the Rolesville Indignationists, the resolution which he had the *honor* to introduce the other day, in the absence of exposition upon the subject from Burwell Temple, Esq., will best explain!

Indeed, we cannot imagine what has excited *our* knight from La Mancha to such a pitch. He seems to be as quick as lightning and as terrible as a thunderbolt. At one moment, fiercely calling to order, and at the next, hurling defiance at his political adversaries, whether they fight with squibs or heavy artillery, and all in the same excited manner and with the same stentorian voice. Can it be genuine whole-souled fervor? Is it possible that so much *real fire* lies beneath the frosts of so many winters? Or is there "some method in his madness?" Will there be anything—*any office we mean*—in the gift of this Legislature, which he desires? And, perchance, "to be or not to be, that is the question?" Is it, *therefore*, because he is afraid his party may regard him as *unsound*, having "*an ancient and fish like smell, truly,*" upon the subject of Internal Improvements, that JUDGE Saunders displays such partisan zeal, and is in so hot haste to engraft permanently upon the Legislation of the State such a policy as is indicated in his resolution.

There is an adage, that an old road, being newly mended, is rougher than it was before; or, that, a renegade is a more intolerant Turk than a genuine Musulman. But *nous verrons.*

☞ The conclusion of Mr. Clay's recent speech before the Legislature of Kentucky, is very noble and eloquent, and, as the Republic remarks, when we read it, our heart kindles with the instinctive admiration, the old glow of attachment and reverence, which animated the great Whig party in the days of its early struggles with Executive power, when, North and South, it was guided by a single, patriotic, fraternal spirit, and occupied a platform common to all the friends of the Constitution and the Union.

☞ Mr. VENABLE was at Roxborough Court, week before last, but didn't speak. "KERR was there," says the "Milton Chronicle."

GREAT UNION MEETING.

The Union meeting, held in Philadelphia at the Chinese Museum, on the evening of the 21st inst. was attended by an immense concourse of people. It was called to order by the appointment of John Sergeant President. After explaining the object of the meeting in a brief, eloquent and appropriate address, a series of resolutions were read. They hold forth that the care of the Union is a sanctified trust and that it should be dear to every American breast.

The resolutions further declare that the Fugitive Slave Law is in strict accordance with the Constitution. That we are a law abiding people—a community reposing trust and confidence in the majority of the National Congress. That when a portion of misguided people arrange themselves against the laws passed by Congress, it is time for the majority to rise en masse and assert the supremacy of such laws. That the series of statutes enacted by the Congress were passed in a spirit of compromise and patriotism, and that they are in no respect a departure from the Constitution.

The resolutions are full, and throughout explicit, patriotic and just.

The following were the Resolutions adopted by the Senate, on Saturday, relative to the recent demise of Mr. Exum, Senator elect from Wayne:

WHEREAS, it has pleased the ruler of the Universe, to remove from amongst us, Mr. John Exum, for many years a member of this body, from the County of Wayne, and who, at the time of his death, was a member elect to this branch of the General Assembly;

Resolved, That while we bow with resignation to the decrees of Him who holds our destinies in his hands, we desire to express our regret at his death and to give this feeble testimony of esteem to the memory of one, who had, for a long period of time, served his country with fidelty and zeal.

Resolved, That the foregoing Preamble and Resolution be spread on the journals of the Senate, and the Speaker be requested to cause a copy of them to be forwarded to the family of the deceased.

☞ JUDGE WAYNE, of the U. S. Supreme Court, and Gen. HARLEE, President of the Manchester Rail Road, are at present in this City—the former in attendance upon the Federal Court. They are both stopping at the YARBROUGH HOUSE.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

MONDAY, Nov. 25th.

The Speaker announced the following Committees:

LIBRARY. Messrs. Bonting, Washington and Barringer.

FINANCE. Messrs. Bower, Lillington, Gilmer, Watson, Lane, Hester, Speight and Drake.

SELECT JOINT COMMITTEE ON WESTERN TURNPIKE AND CHEROKEE LANDS. Messrs. Thomas, Bower, Woodfin, Jones and Bond.

SELECT COMMITTE ON SO MUCH OF THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE AS RELATES TO AN AMENDMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION. Messrs. Clark, Courts, Woodfin, Shepard and Williamson.

NAG'S HEAD. Messrs. Joyner, Caldwell, of Mecklenburg, Bynum, Nixon and Rogers.

HISTORICAL DOCUMENTS. Messrs. Hoke, Caldwell, of Burke, Thompson, Davidson and Hargrave.

Geological and Mineralogical Survey.—Messrs. Bynum, Haughton, Drake, Collins and Shepard.

Claim of Government United States.—Caldwell, of Mecklenburg, Kelly, Richardson, Cannady and Herring.

Message from the other house announced the following Committees:

FINANCE.—Messrs, Person, Thornton, Brogden, Waugh, Steele, Adams, Jerkins and Winstead.

LIBRARY.—Messrs. J. J. Williams, Mizell and Wiley.

NEGRO SLAVERY.—Saunders, Rayner, Avery, L. B. Sanders, Hill, of Brunswick, Stowe, J. M. Leach, Blow, Erwin and S. P. Hill.

Mr. Washington presented a memorial in favor of Sukey Borden, a free woman of Color.

Referred to Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. Hoke presented a memorial in favor of Ephraim Juits and wife Catharine. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

Mr. Nixon presented a memorial of the Wilmington and Manchester Rail Road Co. Referred to Committee on Internal Improvements.

Mr. Cameron introduced a bill to incorporate the Cape Fear Bridge Co. Read the first time and passed, and on his motion referred to Committee on Corporations.

Mr. Bynum presented a bill to prevent Clerks of Courts from issuing certificates to free negroes and free persons of color. Read first time and passed, and on his motion, referred to Committee on the Judiciary.

The hour of twelve having arrived, the Senate proceeded to choose a Committee on Privileges and Elections. On motion of Mr. Woodfin, Messrs. Cameron, Joyner, and Bower, were designated to nominate a Committee, who, after retiring a short time, reported the following as said Committee, viz: Messrs. Bower, Bunting, Caldwell of M.; Hargrove, Woodfin, Lillington, and Washington; which nomination was concurred in by the Senate.

Received a message from the House, proposing to appoint a Joint Select Committee of seven on the part of the House, and six on the part of the Senate, to enquire into the propriety of having an appropriate inscription made on the block of Marble, which is designed for the Washington Monument. Concurred in. Messrs. Cameron, Hoke, Joyner, Bower, Shepard and Gilmer were appointed said Committee, and the House informed thereof by message.

On motion of Mr. Hoke, the House adjourned until to morrow 11 o'clock.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

November 25th, 1850.

Mr. Mizell presented the following Resolution:

Resolved, that the 2nd clause of the 3rd section of the first article of the amended constitution, ratified by the people on the 1st Monday of November 1835, shall be specially so amended, as prescribed in the 2nd clause of the 1st section of 4th article of said amended constitution, that all free white men of the age of 21 years, who have been inhabitants of any one district within the State 12 months immediately preceding the day of any election, and shall have paid full taxes, shall be entitled to vote for a member of the Senate for the district in which he resides. Which, on his motion, was ordered to be printed and laid on the table.

Mr. Douthit presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Committee on Finance be instructed to enquire into the expediency of increasing the tax on drovers who may bring any horses, mules or hogs into this State from any other State, for sale, and that said Committee report by bill or otherwise.

Read and laid on the table.

Mr. Maultsby presented a memorial from the Wilmington and Manchester R. R. Company, praying the passage of an Act subscribing on the part of the State five hundred thousand dollars to the Capital Stock of their Company, on certain conditions; which, on motion of Mr. J. M. Leach, was referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

On motion of Mr. Walton, *Resolved*, that the Committee on Internal Improvements be instructed to inquire into the expediency of extending the N. C. R. Road east from Goldsboro', *via* New-

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elect from Wayne:

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House.

LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

MONDAY, Nov. 25th.

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COMMITTEE ON WESTERN TURN-
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, Jones and Bond.
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CUMENTS. Messrs. Hoke, Cald-
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Mr. Hoke, the House adjourned
11 o'clock.

SE OF COMMONS.

November 25th, 1850.

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nto the expediency of extending
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bern, to Beaufort, and west from Salisbury, to the Tennesse line; and report by bill or otherwise.

Mr. Steele introduced a bill to incorporate Rockingham Division, No. 32, S. of T. in Rockingham, Richmond co.; and Mr. W. McNeill a bill for the better application of the Common School fund; which were severally read the first time and referred to their respective Committees.

Mr. McLean, a bill to establish a new county by the name of Yadkin; read first time and passed and referred.

On motion of Mr. Maultsby, ordered, that the Doorkeeper be directed to cause the flag of the State to be hoisted over this House, while the General Assembly may be in session.

Mr. Pegram introduced a bill to incorporate the Fayetteville and Central Plank Road. Read first time and passed and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Blow presented the following Preamble and Resolution:

WHEREAS, The series of acts passed at the last session of Congress, and known as the Compromise, although they did not meet our approbation fully, have become the law of the land, and, as such ought to be obeyed; and whereas, the Fugitive Slave Law was all that was gained by the South, in return for the surrender of important rights;

Therefore, be it resolved, that should said law be repealed, or essentially modified by Congress, or not enforced by the National Executive, or nullified, or made inoperative, by the people of the North, we will be in favor of a dissolution of the Union.

Which was read, and on motion of Mr. Blow referred to the Joint Select Committe on Slavery.

On motion of Mr. Rayner, *Resolved*, That the Committee on the Judiciary be instructed to inquire, and report, by bill, resolution, or otherwise, whether the Bank of Fayetteville, in issuing bills of the denomination of $1 and $2, has not acted in contravention of its charter, and the general law of the State.

On motion of Mr. Saunders, *Resolved*, that a message be sent to the Senate, proposing to raise a Joint Select Committee of 13, 7 from the House and 6 on the part of the Senate, to inquire into the propriety of having an appropriate inscription made on the block of marble, designed for the Washington Monument. And, *ordered* that the Committee of Finance, to whom was heretofore referred the subject, as a part of the Governor's message, be discharged from its consideration.

Mr. S. P. Hill presented a Bill to increase the Revenue of the State, and to amend the last Act on this subject. Referred to Committee on Finance.

Mr. Webb, a Resolution in relation to the Common School Fund in the hands of the former Sheriff of Polk. Referred to Committee on Claims.

Mr. Steele, a Resolution instructing Finance Committee to inquire into the meaning of the term "safely secured," in the first section of the Act of 1848-'49, to increase Revenue of the State. Adopted.

Sundry messages were received from the Senate, announcing who compose their Committees on certain subjects, &c. [One among the number—proposing to raise a Joint Select Committee on R. & G. R. Road—was laid on the table. Mr. Rayner submitted a few remarks, in this connection, to the effect that the course of proceeding of the Senate, in the premises, was unparliamentary.]

Mr. Martin moved that the Committee on Internal Improvements be discharged from the further consideration of the subject of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road. Negatived.

Mr. Stubbs introduced a Bill to repeal the 1st and 2nd sec. of the Act of 48-'9, Chap. 56, entitled "an Act concerning the President and Directors of the Literary Fund.

Mr. Avery moved the reconsideration of a motion, previously made by Mr. Hayes, and adopted, requiring all bills of a public nature thereafter introduced to be printed. [Whereupon, a playful discussion arose between himself and Mr. Hayes. Mr. Hayes was finally called to order, but merrily held on. Mr. Dargan moved that half the bills be printed in Cherokee. The Speaker again called to order; Mr. Avery's motion to reconsider was adopted, and Mr. Hayes' proposition was then laid on the table.]

Mr. Cherry, a resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to enquire in to the meaning of that clause of the Revenue Act of 1848-9, relating to the listing bonds by guardians, belonging to their wards

The Bill introduced by Mr. Erwin, on Friday, "to secure the more faithful observance of the Constitution of the U. S." &c., was referred to the Joint Select Committee on Slavery.

On motion of Mr. Jones, the House adjourned.

FOR THE REGISTER.

IMPROMPTU.

Suggested by the statement of the melancholy condition of the Poet Moore. Such a wreck as was described, must be sadder to contemplate than a Shroud:

No more the harp of Erin rings,
With full responsive tone,
The master hand that waked its strings,
Is stilled! Its touch is gone!
The Genius of the "Green Isle," weeps
Along her Sea girt shore,
Sighing; I've warm hearts left, tis true!
But now alas! No MOORE!

COL. ORR.—On the 4th instant, Col. Orr addressed his constituents at Pickens Court House. The Pickens *Courier* says that, at the conclusion of his address, when the question was asked, what course are we to pursue to escape from the many dangers which threaten us, and the answer given *dissolve the Union and establish a Southern Confederacy*, the speaker was greeted with shouts of applause.—*Charleston Courier*

QUESTION.—Why did the Siamese twins get married?

ANSWER.—Because they could not remain single?—*London Punch.*

☞Hon. Edward Carrington Cabell, of Florida, was married at St. Louis on the 5th to Anna Maria Wilcox, daughter of Mrs. General Ashley.

ATTRACTION OF THE BOTTLE.—Some "bottle nosed whales" have been seen off Ireland. It is but fair to infer, then, that they were pointing their noses towards Cork.

INDIAN MURDERS IN HAYWOOD.

We are pained to learn that a few days since, an Indian called at the house of an Indian widow woman in Haywood, where there was no one but herself and a little daughter, and requested her to let him stay all night. She gave consent. During the night the woman was cruelly murdered, robbed of $8 00 in money, her wearing apparel, &c., and the house fired and burnt to the ground! The little girl was roused, and fortunately escaped the flames, gave the alarm, but too late. The remains of the woman were found in the fire. Search was made, and a part of the money found in possession of the man; and the clothes, &c, were sold in the neighborhood for LIQUOR, that curse of the world. The old lady had a son in the mountains, who came home and learned the facts, and Indian like, thirsted for revenge. Wm. H. Thomas, Esq., was holding a sort of council in the neighborhood where the son went, and seeing the murderer, he walked deliberately up to him without saying a word, lifted his arm, and plunged a knife to the hilt in his side! Two brothers of the wounded man were then about to take vengence on the son, but were prevented by Mr Thomas and others. It is thought they will kill him yet. He was arrested and bail taken for his appearance at the Spring Court. The wounded man died soon after, and doubtless justly.—*Ashville Messenger.*

THE MEETING IN PRINCE GEORGE.

We were not in attendance at Prince George Court House on Thursday, but learn from a gentleman who was present, that a highly respectable "non-intercourse meeting" was held, which adopted resolutions to be binding as soon as they shall receive the signature of a certain number of citizens—As it is utterly impossible at once to break up business intercourse with the North—there being many indispensable articles which are now not furnished at the South—these resolutions very properly enumerated certain articles which we can make here, and which they pledge the signers not to buy, if imported from the North. Such, for example, as agricultural implements, axes, &c., boots, shoes, carriages, harness, &c. &c.

Petersburg Intelligencer of Saturday.

A NEW ORLEANS LAW CASE.—Did any one ever hear of the great case of Brandy *vs.* Madeira? This is no joke. Such a suit was brought last year in one of our city District Courts. Brandy and Madeira kept a cafe—a drinking shop—somewhere in the purlieus of the First Municipality, we believe. Brandy, whose other title was John, thought himself aggrieved in some of his rights by his partner, whose remaining cognomen was James. Brandy and Madeira generally agree like brothers, however badly they sometimes agree with those who patronize them too freely. It is a well-known and a lamentable fact that Brandy generally forms two-thirds of Madeira's strength; but in this instance the tables were turned, it appears. Madeira got the better of Brandy, and the latter immediately brought the former before a court of justice. The case was undertaken by two smart young lawyers down town. Brandy's petition was filed and Madeira's answer was handed in instanter. A great flare up of ardent spirits was expected: the court clerks expected a folio column of costs, and society expected a dissolution of the groggery. Strange to say, all of these expectations were disappointed. The suit was dropped; Brandy and Madeira disappeared; the lawyers and clerks looked and dreamed in vain for payment of their fees. Brandy and Madeira, it is supposed, evaporated; and to this day none know why or how their celebrated suit so suddenly simmered away into empty nothing.—[*Picayune.*

DIED.

In Salisbury, on the 17th instant, Mrs. Mary Beard, widow of the late John Beard, Sr. aged 75 years 6 months and 4 days.

At Brighton, Bladen county, on the 10th inst., Mrs. Lucy Bradley Brown, wife of Mr. Brown, Editor of the Wilmington Chronicle, aged 36 years.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the present General Assembly of North Carolina, to incorporate the "Brick Shoals Manufacturing Company" in the county of Surry.

November 25th, 1850. w2w

SUPREME COURT REPORTS.

NO. 2, Vol. 11, S. C. Reports, being the decisions at the August Term, has just been issued from this Office

November 26th, 1850. 4t

NORTH CAROLINA MUSIC STORE.

THE Subscriber takes this opportunity of announcing to the people of North Carolina, that he intends to open in this City, in December next,

A MUSIC STORE,

where will always be found a complete assortment of Foreign and American Music, and Musical Instruments; all of which will be selected by himself.

The Pianos will be from the best Manufactories in the United States, and will be sold at New York and Philadelphia prices.

K. W. PETERSILIA.

Raleigh, Nov. 6, 1850. 89 tf

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

(Reported for the Daily Register.)

NEW YORK, Nov. 26th, 1850.

Fair uplands bring 14 3-8. We learn that there were sales of 3,000 barrels of Howard Street Flour in Baltimore, on yesterday, at $4 68. Nothing important.

[By Telegraph for the Baltimore Clipper.]

JACKSON, Miss., Nov. 20.

MEETING OF THE LEGISLATURE—GOV. QUITMAN'S MESSAGE.— The Legislature of this State met in extra session yesterday, to consider the wrongs of the South. Much feeling exists among the members.

The Governor's message was transmitted and read. After giving a history of the wrongs of the South, he says let the proposition be distinctly made of the non-slaveholding States, to remedy the wrongs so far as it may be in the power of Congress to do so, by obtaining from California concession of south of 36 degrees 30 minutes, or otherwise to consent to such amendments of the Constitution as shall hereafter secure the rights of the slaveholding States from misconstruction and further aggressions. But, in the event of refusal to do so, I shall not hesitate to express my decided opinion that the only effectual remedy to the evils which must continue to grow, from year to year, is to be found in prompt and peaceable secession of the aggrieved States.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made at the present General Assembly, for acts of Incorporation of five companies for operating in Coal, and other minerals on Deepriver, in the counties of Chatham and Moore; Also a charter for a Plank Road from Pittsboro' to the Gulf in Chatham County.

MANY CITIZENS.

Nov. 23rd, 1850. 94

BAGGING ROPE AND TWINE.

JUST to hand a good assortment,

WM. PECK & SON.

Raleigh, Sept 12, 1850. 4w 74

English, Goshen, and Parmesan Chees, just to hand

R. TUCKER & SON.

Raleigh September 21st, 1850. 76

Valuable Land for Sale.

A Valuable Tract of Land containing 208 acres lying between four and five miles West of Raleigh, on both sides of Walnut Creek, and adjoining the land of Rev. Thos. Meredith and others, will be sold on reasonable terms.

For further information apply to

M. A. BLEDSOE.

Raleigh, August 17, 1850 66

Union House.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the Members of the approaching Legislature that he is prepared to furnish ten or twelve of them with lodgings and board, at the UNION HOUSE, but a short distance from the Capitol.

The Subscriber will provide comfortable rooms, and good fare, at such prices as the times and market will afford. He pledges himself that no pains or expense will be spared to render his customers comfortable.

Travellers are also invited to call, and transient boarders will be taken. The Subscriber keeps a constant supply of corn and fodder on hand, and will have horses left with him, or the horses of such as may stop at his house, well taken care of.

The Subscriber's House is about one hundred yards from the Capitol, and one door to the east of the Baptist Church.

JAMES HALL.

Raleigh, Sept. 27th, 1850. 78 ts.

FORWARDING.

I WILL attend to the forwarding of all Goods at Wilmington and Fayetteville, at the usual commission; and will, in all cases, forward by first boat without reference to *lines*. All orders for purchasers will be strictly attended to. Direct to care of

W. BRANSON,
Fayetteville and Wilmington.

April16, 1850. 31 tf

FRESH HOPS.

CROP of 1850, for sale at the Drug Store of

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.

Nov.21st, 1850. 94

FRESH ARRIVALS
SEMI-WEEKLY.

HARDING & CO. will receive new goods twice a week during the entire season, direct from the Manufactory. By this arrangement, purchasers will always find something new and attractive by examining their Stock. As for Bargains, Gents, you cant begin to buy as cheap elsewhere. Call and examine yourselves

Under the Telegraph Office,
Fayetteville street.

Raleigh, Nov. 14th, 1850. 92

Grand Lodge of North Carolina.

THIS Masonic Body will convene in this City, on Monday evening, the 2nd of December next, at 7 o'clock, and will continue its sittings until all business which may be submitted for its consideration, shall be disposed of. All individuals concerned in the deliberations of this body, are respectfully requested to attend.

Lodges which have been working under *Dispensations*, will not fail to apply for *Charters*, if they wish to secure a permanent existence.

WILLIAM T. BAIN,
Grand Secretary

Raleigh, Sept. 26th 1850. tm 7-

Female Classical Institute,

HILLSBOROUGH STREET.

REV. BENNET T. BLAKE, *Principal.*

MR. KARL W. PETERSILLA, *Professor of Music.*

MRS. LUCY M. PETERSILLA, *Teacher of Drawing and Painting.*

TWENTY-FIVE Young Ladies can be accommodated with board in the family of the Principal. These will receive all the attention, and enjoy all the comforts of a private family.

The course of study is well digested, thorough and extensive. The entire expense to a pupil will be covered by the payment of One Hundred Dollars in advance, for a session of 5 months. This will include Board and Tuition, with Music, French, Latin, Greek, Mathematics, Drawing and Painting. Taken separately, the charges will be as follows:

Board per session of 5 months,	$50
Tuition in the Cassical Department.	20
Do in the English Department,	15
Music on Piano or Guitar,	20
Drawing and Painting,	10
Painting in Oil Colours,	15
French,	10

The Pupils will be regularly instructed in Vocal Music, without further charge.

☞ The Annual Examination of the Pupils of this Institution will take place on Wednesday and Thursday, the 4th and 5th of December ensuing

B. T. BLAKE, *Principal*

Raleigh, Nov. 8th 1850. 2m 91

NORTHERN HOPS!

JUST received, 2 Bales fresh Northern Hops, at 20 cts. a pound.

L. B. WALKER.

November 15th, 1850. 92

SECOND SUPPLY OF
Cloth, Dress and Frock Coats.

GENTLEMEN, if you want a good fitting Coat, made in the latest style, Call at

E. L. HARDING & CO'.

BRITTON & TODD

Sicamore Street, opposite Powell's Hotel, Petersburg, Va., OFFER FOR SALE,

80 hhds. St Croix, P Rico and N O sugars; 5 hhds refined sugars
200 bags Rio, Laguyria, and Java coffee
40 packages loaf, crushed and powdered sugars
25 tons Swedes, American and English iron
30 bales horse shoes
150 bales Gunny, Dundee and German bagging
100 coils bale rope
150 boxes sperm, adamantine and tallow candles
50 boxes soap
10 boxes very superior family soap
150 barrels old rye double and single rectified whiskey
21 barrels grape brandy
5 ½ pipes Cog. brandy, part very fine,
2 hhds. rum
20 pipes and 1-4 pipes Port, Mad. and Sherry wine
100 bags shot, assorted,
760 kegs nails, Cumberland and Rapid falls,
300 sides sole leather
150 reams wrapping paper
80 reams letter and cap paper
25 hhds. and bbls. molasses
100 boxes window glass, 8 x 10 and 10 x 12

Horse collars, saddles, bridles, bed cords, lines, pepper, ginger, spice, mace, starch, chocolate, water buckets, cotton cards, band iron, hoop iron, castings, cotton yarns, wagon whips, &c. &c. &c. All of the above goods will be sold at the lowest rates.

BRITTON & TODD.

August 21, 1850. 68 3m

MYER'S CELEBRATED CHEWing Tobacco; Imported Cigars of different Brands. Just received by

R. TUCKER & SON.

October 8th, 1850. 81

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.
At No. 9 Fayetteville Street.

BLACK French Cloth,
Black Doe Skin Cassimer,
Fancy Cassimeres—a good assortment,
Good and Common Vesting, Black Satin Vesting
Silk and Worsted Serge, Padding and Canvass,
Bed Blankets, various sizes and qualittes,
White and Black Cotton Wadding,
Gentlemen's Merino Shirts and ½ Hose.

For sale low, by

J. BROWN.

Raleigh, Oct. 28th, 1850. 87

1851.

TURNER'S NORTH CAROLINA ALMANAC
FOR THE YEAR.
1851.

THIS Day published by

HENRY D. TURNER.

Notice.

THE Subscriber has determined to locate in this City, and having procured a sufficient number of competent assistants, is prepared to execute in the most finished Style, all kinds of

PAINTING, GLAZING, AND RE-GLAZING

Orders from the City or surrounding Country, if left at the Drug Store of P. F. Pescud, will be promply executed and satisfaction guarantied.

Reference as to ability, character, &c., will be given to all who may wish to patronise him.

WM. M. OVERBY.

Raleigh May 20, 1850 41

NEW NOVEL.

ADELAIDE LINDSAY, by the author of Lettice Arnold. Price 25 cents.

AT TURNER'S.

Oct. 25th, 1850. 86

Just received by Express, this day, a lot of fine French Merinos, assorted colors; ALSO, a lot of Jenny Lind Trimmings.

EVANS & WILLIAMS.

Oct. 21st, 1850. 85

BUSINESS COATS.

100 MORE of those desirable Coats; just opened—at the low price of $4 50.

E. L. HARDING & CO.

Nov. 15th, 1850. 92

GENTLEMEN'S HATS.
FALL STYLE FOR 1850.

SOMETHING entirely new and decidedly elegant. Call and examine.

R. TUCKER & SON.

August 26th, 1850. 69

NORTH CAROLINA FASHIONABLE JEWELRY STORE.

PALMER & RAMSAY,

HAVE just received the most splendid stock of rich and handsome Goods, in their line, ever offered for Sale in the City of Raleigh.—The elegance of the articles being only surpassed by their usefulness and convenience. The Patterns are entirely new, and the beauty of the various designs, by which they are embellished, are quite *unique* and fanciful, reaching the highest perfection of Art and Skill. We desire an *inspection*, which is the only proof necessary to convince all persons of correct taste that such splendid Goods, at such very reasonable prices, were never offered before in North Carolina. Our Fashionable Store, therefore, stands A: No. I., among the attractions of the City of Raleigh, during the present Winter.

Splendid Gold and Silver Watches,
Gold Vest, Fob and Guard chains,
Ladies' Watch chains, new style,
Seals, Keys and chains,
Earrings, Breastpins and Finger Rings,
Diamond Breastpins and Rings,
Gold Lockets, Bracelets, Necklaces,
Gold and Silver Pencils and Pens,
Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles,
Gold Sleeve Buttons and Studs,
Gold and Silver Thimbles and Silver Combs,
Gold and Silver Buckles and Slides,
Coral assorted—Shell and Silver Card cases,
Clocks, warranted good Time-pieces,
Silver, Table, Desert and Tea Spoons,
Ladies, Sugar Tongs, Salt and Cream Spoons,
Silver and plated Butter Knives,
Steel chains and Keys and Music Boxes,
Steel worked Bags, Tassells, Rings and Beads,
A large collection of Fine Cutlery,
Perfumery for the Toilet and Fancy Boxes,
Full Setts fine Waiters,
Rich plated Castors, Candlesticks, Baskets,
Waiters and Fruit Stands—new style,
Brittania ware and Flower Vases,
Pocket Books and Silk Purses,
Hair, Tooth and Shaving Brushes,
Pistols, Table Cutlery and Guitar strings.

Their personal attention will be devoted to repairing all kinds of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry. Old Gold and Silver taken in Exchange.

Nov. 19th, 1860. 93—

"WHOEVER DARE THESE 'BOOTS' DISPLACE,
MUST MEET BOMBASTES, FACE TO FACE."

Alfred Mitchell, *alias* "BOOTS," for short, and by way of dignity, respectfully informs his numerous customers, that he has recently fitted up his Establishment, in the best style, and is now thoroughly prepared to carry on his business as BARBER, just "as it used to was," with the exception that he thinks he has improved by practice both in skill and manners.

The Members of the approaching Legislature, and my old customers especially, of that body, will always find me ready to shave, and trim hair, in the quickest, easiest, and most fashionable manner; and if any should prefer the old fashoin, "Boots" will be entirely agreeable, and conform to the tastes and wishes of his customers.

On application, Ladies and Gentlemen can have their Hair curled most elegantly, according to the prevailing fashions.

No reference is made to particular gentlemen—my qualifications must be judged of by the community which I have served in my line of business, for a number of years.

Hair will also be cleared of dandruff, and if requested, dyed any color, to suit the costomers.

My establishment is on Fayetteville Street, within two doors of Yarbrough's New Hotel.

ALFRED MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser and Barber.

Raleigh, Oc tober 2, 1850. 80

Look out for the Engine when the Bell Rings.

All Aboard! Bound to

Peace's Block, Opposite Post Office,
THE

Southern Home Manufactory.

RALEIGH, N. C.

MUCH has been said in Congress, by Southern members, about the rights of the South—This community and surrounding country now have an opportunity of patronizing their own merchants and those who make up gentlemen's wearing apparel, by calling at the Proprietor's new Establishment, opposite the Post office.

The Preprietor, having made the SCIENCE of cutting Gentlemen's fashionable clothing his study, in the most fashionable Cities, for many years, is now prepared to give satisfaction to all who may want their clothing made. Gentlemen furnishing cloth and trimmings, will thus give employment to many in the City of Raleigh.

Those who only wish their garments cut shall have them warranted to fit, and at moderate prices. Gentlemen's garments altered and repaired at the shortest notice.

The New York and Philadelphia Fashions for the Fall and Winter just received.

WANTED, immediately, two first-rate Coat-makers, to who n the highest wages will be given.

Raleigh, Oct. 14th, 1850. 3

Heartt & Litchford

DEALERS IN STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS.

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES,
Fancy Articles, &c. &c.

HAVE received nearly their entire Stock of Fall and Winter Goods—to which they respectfully invite the attention of their friends and customers, and the public generally, and all of which are offered on the most reasonable terms.

Raleigh, Oct. 14th, 1850. 83

MERINO DRAWERS AND SHIRTS.

10 Dozen just at hand, Very cheap.

E. L. HARDING & CO.

PRESERVED GINGER, just received by

L. B. WALKER.

The "Bug" also at Home again.

I HAVE just returned the *second* time from Boston, N. York, and Philadelphia, having spent nearly all of August and September in said Cities, getting up our CLOTHING, every article of which *was cut by himself*, and *made up under my own* inspection; and I presume there is no one in North Carolina now, who would be verdant enough to question my capacity after the eloquent tribute paid to my 'artistic skill, in our last Superior Court, by Judge, Counsel on both sides, witnesses and Jurors. I refer to the case of "Biggs *vs.* Oliver"—action for damages, in which I had to pay $250, in consequence of my extended reputation.

Come in, if you please, and assist me in paying off the judgment by buying our goods. Who is there in North Carolina, who has not heard of the Hon. George E. Badger, the Hon. Wm. H. Haywood, Jr., and 'Bug' Oliver, Why 'their fame is no more to be hemmed in by State lines than their talents are to be circumscribed within the same narrow limits.'

We are connected, as all our customers know—and if they don't know it, they may—with no Northern House—*but we are Tailors ourselves*—buy our own goods, and import quite as many of what we purchase in proportion to our business, as any house in this State or out of it. There is no establishment here or elsewhere that possesses any advantage over us. We buy where every body else buys, and we think we understand our business and buy as cheaply. We say our clothing is equal to any offered for sale in North Carolina, and, we think superior, being Judges ourselves of clothing. Of that though, we will leave the public to decide, when they examine for themselves. One thing is certain—without intending to reflect upon any one—we will sell our clothing *cheaper* than the same articles can be bought for in any of the Northern Cities, and as cheap as any body that comes here, who does not steal his clothing ready made

Our stock embracing Drab, Black, Blue, Green, Gray, and other OVERCOATS from 6 to $20 and upwards. Cloaks, full circle, $18 upwards. Frock, dress, and Sack COATS from 7 to $12 and upwards. PANTALOONS, all colors and prices, from $1 to $3. VESTS, all kinds and all sizes, at all prices from $1,25 to $5. In fact, every thing that can be found in any similar establishment in the Union.

We are North Carolinians. We are permanently located here, and if we sell as cheap as others, why not give us the preference? If we do not sell as good goods at as small a price, we will not ask your patronage.

Call! call! call before you purchase, at
OLIVER & PROCTER'S.
No. 1.
R. R. R. R.
Fayetteville Street.

November 8th, 1850. 90

L. B. WALKER,

HARD to beat for the accommodation of the citizens of Raleigh, would say that he has in his employ two as good workmen as can be procured anywhere. He has been at considerable expense in the Baking business, and will do all in his power to give satisfaction. It is with the citizens to say, whether or not a Bakery should be supported. At any rate, he will give the business a fair trial this Winter.

November 15th, 1850. 92

PEEBLES, WHITE & DAVIS,
Grocers and Commission Merchants
Old Street, Petersburg, Va.,

KEEP always on hand a large and well assorted supply of Groceries, and pay particular attention to the sale of Cotton, Tobacco, Wheat, Flour, and all other kinds of produce.

LEMUEL PEEBLES,
THOMAS WHITE,
PETER R. DAVIS, Jr.

Petersburg July 20 58 1y

CALF SKINS, LINING, &c.

O. L. BURCH keeps constantly on hand, Calf Skins, Lining Skins, Shoe finding, &c. &c.

Raleigh, Oct. 4, 1850. 80

UNION HOTEL.
San Francisco,
CALIFORNIA.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT has been recently fitted up, in Pacific St., near Sansome, which is convenient to the business parts of the City, also to the City Hall, and other public buildings; and within a few minutes walk of the principal Steamboat landings.

The Proprietor, from his long experience in the business in the City of New York, (having been connected with Lovejoy's Hotel for several years) feels confident that those who may visit his House will find there the comforts of a home.

GEORGE BROWN,
Proprietor.

San Francisco, Aug. 1850. 72 9w

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the next General Assembly, to pass an act, to emancipate JAMES LANGFORD, of the County of Northampton.

Sept. 9th. 1850. 73 6w

Notice.

IS HEREBY given, that application will be made to the next General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, for an act to incorporate Raleigh Chapter, No 10, Royal Arch Masons.

W. D. HAYWOOD, Secretary.

Raleigh, Oct. 14th 1850. 1m 83

WHITE WASH BRUSHES.

A LARGE supply of various sizes, just received and for sale low.

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO

Raleigh April 23d 1850. 33

V. B. PALMER, the American News paper Agent, is Agent for this paper and authorized to take ADVERTISEMENTS, and SUBSCRIBERS at the same rates as required by us.—His offices are at

PHILADELPHIA, N. W. cor. Third and Chesnut sts
New York, Tribune Building.

TOBACCO AND SEGARS.

OF the best quality may be found at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.

November 21st. 94

Wm. G. Browne,

Portrait and Miniature Painter,
TELEGRAPH BUILDINGS
RALEIGH.

Rooms open from 9 A. M. till 5 P. M.

Raleigh, Nov. 19th, 1850. 91

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made, at the ensuing session of the Legislature, for a Charter for the construction of a Plank Road from Pittsboro' to Haywood, or some convenient point on Deep River. MANY CITIZENS.

October 18th, 1850. 84 tl

To my Town & Country friends.

THE Subscriber would respectfully call the attention of his Town and Country friends to his stock of Family Groceries, which he is determined to sell on as good terms as any one in the place. Among his stock may be found:

80 Bbbls. best Petersburg Flour—whole and half barrels.
2 Hhds. Bright and Dry P. R. Sugar,
5 bbls. do do N. O. do
6 do Crushed do
5 do Clarified do
4 do Pulverized do
1 Package best Loaf do
Rio, Laguira and Java Coffe,
Imperial and Black Tea, a fine article,
Tallow, Adamantine and Sperm candles,
Washing and Fancy Soaps,
Crane's Wash mixture—a superior article,
A fine lot imported segars—different brands,
Oak and Hemlock Sole Leather; and many articles in the Grocery and Confectionary line.

Give me a call, and I am determined not to be undersold by Jew or Gentile.

L. B. WALKER.

Raleigh, Nov. 7th 1850. 91

National Hotel.

NO. 5 COURTLAND STREET, NEW YORK.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT having passed into the hands of Mr. Geo. Seeley, formerly of the Eastern Pearl St. House, has been recently improved by the addition of

FORTY NEW ROOMS.

And has also been thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished for the accomodation of the Public.

It is the aim of the Proprietor to render the NATIONAL quite equal to any of its cotemporaries in all those essentials that contribute to the reputation of a well conducted and well ordered Hotel.

The House is of the largest size, eligibly located, within three doors of Broadway, and in all respects conveniently arranged to promote the comfort and convenience of Guests. Persons visiting New York are respectfully invited to make their home at this Hotel during their stay in the City.

GEORGE SEELEY,
Proprietor.

New York, June 28, 1850. 53 6m

To Physicians, Chemists &c,

THE Subscribers offer Physicians a large and well selected assortment of pure

Drugs, Medicines, &c.

They would also invite the atttention of Chemists and Lecturers to their stock of

Pure Re-agents Chemicals and Chemical Wares.

Priced Catalogues furnished upon application, post-paid.

BULLOCK & CRENSHAW,
Wholesale Druggists and Manufacturing Chemists,
6th and Arch Sts. PHILADELPHIA.

September 1st. 1850. 6m- 71

C. & E. L. Kerrison & Co.,

DIRECT IMPORTERS OF
FOREIGN DRY GOODS,
Charleston, S. C.

WOULD respectfully inform their friends and those who purchase Dry Goods, in their city, that they are now prepared to offer a large, choice and well assorted Stock of **Foreign and Fancy Dry Goods.**

As they receive the bulk of their Goods, *direct* from European Ports, they feel assured of being able to compete successfully with any other Market in the United States.

209 King, North West Corner of King and Mar-

August 24th, 1850. w3m

WORKS BY THE REV. C B TAYLOR.

RECORDS of a good Man's Life,
Margaret, or the Pearl.
Scenes in a Clergyman's life,
Earnestness.

H. D. TURNER.

Nov. 12th, 1850. 91

House and Sign Painting.

THE Subscribers are now prepared to execute in a workman-like manner, all kinds of

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING.

Glazing, Guilding, imitation of all kinds of Marble and every variety of wood.

All orders left at Mrs. Hardie's, opposite the Market House, will receive prompt attention.

WHITLOCK & HARDIE.

Raleigh, Sept. 12, 1850. tf 74
Standard copy.

Upholsterer and Mattress Maker,

In my Employ, Raleigh N. C.

Sofas, Lounges, Easy Chairs, &c., manufactured in every style to order, and at the shortest notice.

BED MATTRESSES

of all kinds, including the much improved Shuck and Cotton Mattress, which will be found a perfect luxury in Winter or Summer.

N. B. Mattress Manufactory is in rear of my Barber Shop. All orders thankfully received and attended to with promptness and despatch.

The workmen hitherto employed by J Henry Harriss, Mattress Maker, in this City, are at present under my control, and are warranted and recommended to be excellent workmen.

ALFRED MITCHELL.

Raleigh, August 22nd, 1850. 68

Received to day by Express,

A BEAUTIFUL lot of Moleskin and Beaver Hats to which the attention of the public is respectfully invited. R. TUCKER & SON.

Nov. 19th, 1850. 93—

Burning Fluid and Lamps.

A good supply in Store and for sale by
WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.

Soldiers Claims.

THE undersigned having much experience and success in the business, still takes military claims for Bounty lands and Pensions for prosecution before the government, on very reasonable terms, and with the utmost faithfulness and dispatch. All letters to him, from claimants, must be postage paid.

☞ The last Congress gave lands to all the officers and Soldiers who served one month or longer, and if dead, to their widows and minor children, in all the wars of the United States, since 1790.

And provision is now also made for pensions to Widows of Soldiers of the Revolution, who married before the year 1800.

He can furnish information concerning the grades of officers of the Revolutionary War, which is all important to claimants, and difficult to procure elsewhere. His charges will be moderate.

*** Any information concerning the heirs of the following officers of the Revolution will be thankfully received, viz:

Thomas Clark,	James Hogan,
Alexander Martin,	Wm. Davis,
James Martin,	John White,
James Moore,	Joshua Boman.

He can also furnish a copy of the rolls of the Officers and Soldiers of the State of North Carolina in the war with Great Britain, declared 18th of June 1812, giving in many instances the length of service, their respective offices and Regiments; the time of entering the service ☞ also the deserters, and every particular to facilitate the Collection of their Claims. ☜ Every agent should have a copy. Cost—only $10 each county!

J. H. KIRKHAM,
Raleigh N. C.

Raleigh, November 1st, 1850. 88

☞ Standard copy.

TO MY FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS,
And the Public Generally.

HAVING associated with me in the Clothing business, Mr. Silvester Smith, it will henceforward be conducted under the firm of J. J. Biggs & co. Mr. Smith has been long known as a Merchant Tailor, but is now turning his attention to the Ready Made business, and it is the design of the New firm, to keep up a large assortment of all kinds of

Ready Made Clothing,

Our Stock of Cloths, Cassimers and Vestings, will also be kept up, a beautiful assortment of which is now being opened, embracing all the latest styles.

Mr. PEACH will attend to the Cutting Department, as heretofore.

J. J. BIGGS.

Raleigh, Oct. 18th 1850. 8 4th

New Goods!

SEPTEMBER, 1850.

Peebles, Scott & White,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
Sycamore St., Petersburg, Va.

WE beg leave to announce to our friends and customers that we are now in possession of our stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

embracing a general assortment of the most fashionable style of Foreign and Domestic Fabrics, suited to the Fall and Winter Trade.

We respectfully solicit an examination of our assortment by Country Merchants, as well as those buying at retail.

Our stock is large and commodious. In it will be found all the leading articles usually kept in a Fashionable Dry Goods Store.

PEEBLES, SCOTT & WHITE.

Sept. 22nd, 1850. 77

ASHEVILLE MESSENGER.

THIS Whig Journal, now in its eleventh year was, on the first of November, greatly enlarged and improved. It is now classed among the very largest papers in the State, printed on new type, fine paper, and, as will be seen, is the *cheapest paper in the State*, of its size.

TERMS.—$2 00 a year, payable in six months; $2 50 after six months and $3 00 after twelve months.

To Ministers and widows it is furnished at $1 50 in six months, and $2 00 after six months. To Clubs of five for $8 75; of ten, for $16 25, in advance.

JAMES M. EDNEY,
Editor and Proprietor.

November 15th, 1850. 92

To Purchasers of Books South of
BALTIMORE CITY.

THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully represent to Clergymen, Librarians, and all others in want of books in any department of Literature whether published in Europe or the United States, the advantages offered for obtaining them through his agency.

The publication of the leading houses of this country are generally found upon his shelves, and invariably supplied at the publishers' lowest cash prices, whether for the single copy or by the quantity.

Importation of Books to Order
FROM EUROPE.

Foreign Books imported to order, by steamer or packet, with the greatest possible despatch and for the lowest rates.

To enable our customers to calculate correctly the costs of their orders before sending them, we have adopted the following low scale of prices:—

From England, new Books at 27 cents, old Books at 32 cents per shilling.

From France, new Books at 25 cents, old Books at 50 cents per franc.

From Germany, New Books at 87 cents, old books at $1 per thaler.

From Belgium, new Books at 20 cents, old Books at 30 cents per franc.

These rates are by Packet; when ordered by Steamer, an advance is charged.

☞ Books imported upon these rates to be paid for upon delivery—otherwise an advance will be charged.

A collection of Catalogues of old and new books, to which additions are constantly being made, can always be consulted at my store.

We are also in the monthly receipt of parcels of Catalogues from the various second hand book-dealers in London, with the prices affixed, which we distribute gratuitously to all who may wish them.

☞ American Publications always on sale, or supplied to Order, without any advance on Eastern prices. J. S. WATERS, 244 Baltimore St.

Baltimore, Md., Oct. 27th, 1850. 4w 87

THE

VOL. LII. R

THE DAILY REGI

STRATTON BAL
EDITOR AND PROPR

THE SEMI-WEEKLY RE
Is issued on Wednesday and S
per annum in advance; $1 50 if n
six months; and $5 if not paid unti
of the year.

THE WEEKLY REGIS
Is issued every Wednesday at
within four months; otherwise $3.

BUSINESS DIREC

RALEIGH POST O

MAIL ARRANGEM

Northern Mail—By Rail Roa
1-2 p. m., and closes at 11 a. m.
Southern—Two horse stage, du
m., closes at 12 m.
Greensborough—Four-horse st
day, Wednesday and Saturday
closes Sunday, Wednesday and
Newbern—Four-horse stage, d
Friday and Sunday at 3 a. m., and
Tuesday and Thursday at 9 p. m.
Tarborough—Two-horse stage
Wednesday and Friday at 10 p.
day, Wednesday and Saturday at
Pittsborough—Two-horse stage
and Thursday at 7 p. m., and
and Tuesday at 9 p. m.
Roxborough—One-horse mail,
9 a. m., and closes Friday at 1 p.
Holly Springs—Horse Mail,
4 p. m., and closes Thursday at
Letters should be in the Office
before the time of closing.
The Office will be open every
day, from 8 o'clock a. m. until 9
On Sunday, it will be open fro
and one hour directly after the
Western Mail.

TELEGRAPH O
UP STAIRS,
SMITH'S BUILD
FAYETTEVILLE
Open from 7 A. M. to 1
NO ADMITTANCE WITHIN

Rates	First 10 word
Raleigh to Petersburg,	30 cts.
" " Richmond	32 "
" " Washington	44 "
" " Baltimore	54 "
" " Philadelphia	74 "
" " New York	84 "
" " Fayetteville	21 "
" " Cheraw	38 "
" " Charleston	50 "
" " Macon	67 "
" " Montgomery	116 "
" " Mobile	138 "
" " New Orleans	172 "

And all the places on this and
munication in proportion to distan

OFFICE
OF THE NORTH C
Mutual Insurance C
RALEIGH
Second Floor, Smith's Block, a
Office.

OFFICE
OF THE NORTH C
Mutual Life Insurance
RALEIGH
Opposite the Post Office—un
Hall.

BANK OF CAPE
DISCOUNT DAY, TU
Board Meets at 11
BANKING HOURS FRO
W. H. JONES, Ca
F. C. HILL, Telle
Exchange, Baltimore, Philadel
1 per ct. premium.
Virginia and South Carolina n
the denomination of $5 and upwa

BANK OF CAPE
OFFICERS OF TH
Geo. W. Mordecai, Pres't.
Charles Dewey, Cashier,
Seymour W. Whiting, Teller
Daniel DuPre, Bookkeeper,
Thos. W. Dewey, Clerk.
Hours of business from 10 a
DISCOUNT DAY, WE
Board of Directors meet
BANK RATES FOR SELLIN
Sight Checks on New York 1 p
" " " Philadelphia 1
" " " Baltimore 1
Notes of the South Carolina a
received.

MORE LAND FO

500 Acres of Valuable
miles South of Ra
etteville road, will be sold on a
well secured being all that is desi
ing to examine the land and pren
calling on M. A. Bledsoe, who is

October 11, 1850.